



Oxford Cambridge and RSA

June 2023 only

**GCSE (9–1) Combined Science Physics B
(Twenty First Century Science)**

J260 03/07

Equation Sheet



INSTRUCTIONS

- Do **not** send this Equation Sheet for marking. Keep it in the centre or recycle it.

INFORMATION

- This Equation Sheet is for the June 2023 examination series only.
- This document has **4** pages.

Equations in physics

Key: HT = Higher Tier only

P1 Radiation and waves	wave speed = frequency × wavelength	$v = f\lambda$
P2 Sustainable energy	energy transferred = power × time	$E = Pt$

P3 Electric circuits	
charge = current × time	$Q = It$
potential difference = current × resistance	$V = IR$
potential difference = $\frac{\text{work done (energy transferred)}}{\text{charge}}$	$V = \frac{W}{Q}$
power = $\frac{\text{energy transferred}}{\text{time}}$	$P = \frac{E}{t}$
energy transferred (work done) = charge × potential difference	$E = QV$
power = potential difference × current	$P = VI$
power = $(\text{current})^2 \times \text{resistance}$	$P = I^2 R$
potential difference across primary coil × current in primary coil = potential difference across secondary coil × current in secondary coil	$V_p I_p = V_s I_s$
force = magnetic flux density × current × length of conductor	$F = BIl$

P4 Explaining motion	
weight = mass × gravitational field strength	$W = mg$
average speed = $\frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}}$	$v = \frac{s}{t}$
acceleration = $\frac{\text{change in speed}}{\text{time taken}}$	$a = \frac{v-u}{t}$
(final speed) ² – (initial speed) ² = $2 \times \text{acceleration} \times \text{distance}$	$v^2 - u^2 = 2as$
HT momentum = mass × velocity	$p = mv$
HT change in momentum = resultant force × time for which it acts	$\Delta p = Ft$
force = mass × acceleration	$F = ma$
work done = force × distance (along the line of action of the force)	$W = Fs$
kinetic energy = $\frac{1}{2} \times \text{mass} \times (\text{speed})^2$	$E = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$
gravitational potential energy = mass × gravitational field strength × height	$E = mgh$
power = $\frac{\text{energy transferred}}{\text{time}}$	$P = \frac{E}{t}$
P6 Matter – models and explanations	
density = $\frac{\text{mass}}{\text{volume}}$	$\rho = \frac{m}{V}$
change in internal energy = mass × specific heat capacity × change in temperature	$\Delta E = mc\Delta\theta$
energy to cause a change of state = mass × specific latent heat	$E = ml$
force exerted by a spring = spring constant × extension	$F = kx$
energy stored in a stretched spring = $\frac{1}{2} \times \text{spring constant} \times (\text{extension})^2$	$E = \frac{1}{2}kx^2$



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